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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/994,729	11/28/2001	Rinya Takesue	Q67465	8326
7590 01/14/2004 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			BUTTNER, DAVID J	
•	C 20037-3213		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			1712	
			DATE MAILED: 01/14/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(c)			
			Applicant(s)			
l	Office Action Summary	09/994,729	TAKESUE ET AL.			
	omee Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
 	TI BARU INO DATE CA	David Buttner	1712			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is increased for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply erriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 A	August 2003 .				
2a)⊠		s action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	n of Claims					
4)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.		,			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9) <u> </u>	he specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) 🔲 Notice o	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Page	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Trad-	emark Office					

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Claims 1-8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over WO 01/29129 Patent.

The reference neutralizes blends of stearic acid and ethylene/acrylate/acid terpolymer (see Table 2). The material is useful in golf ball production (abstract).

Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a)/(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Higuchi 2001/0018375 reference.

The reference neutralizes blends of behenic acid and ethylene/acrylate/acid terpolymer (see Table 2) The material is useful in golf ball production.

Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Statz WO 00/23519 Patent.

Statz exemplifies (Table 7) blends of ethylene/acrylate/acid terpolymer, stearic acid and magnesium hydroxide. Alternatively, the terpolymer can be a partially neutralized ionomer (page 10, line 11).

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Statz 2003/0139434 Reference.

Statz discloses blends of ethylene/acrylate/acid terpolymer, stearic acid and neutralizing metal. The composition is shaped into a golf ball and PGA compression and COR is measured (Table 3). Parent application 9-558894 supports this part of the disclosure.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of U.S. Patent No. 6565455.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant application claims the composition utilized as the intermediate layer of the patent. The instant claims are broader than that of the patent.

Claims 1-8 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of copending Application No. 9-906844 or 9-906638. Although the conflicting claims are not identical,

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they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant claims are drawn to the composition utilized in the copending application claims. Claims to specific golf balls utilizing the composition render obvious claims to the composition itself.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 1-8 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12-24 of copending Application No. 9-695140. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the two applications are claiming substantially the same composition.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Applicant's arguments filed August 6, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

No translation of the priority document is present. Therefore, the rejections based WO 01/29129 and 2001/0018375 remain.

Applicant argues "consisting of" excludes thermoplastic elastomer of WO 00/23519.

Table 7 of the reference exemplifies compositions without the thermoplastic elastomer. Claims 1-7 of applicant are drawn to materials (i.e. compositions) not golf balls. "Golf ball materials" is nothing more than a future intended use for the material.

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The compositions of Table 7 inherently have the capability of being used in a golf ball whether recognized by the inventor noted.

No terminal disclaimer is present. Therefore, the obviousness double patenting rejections remain.

The attribution declarations remove prior art rejections based on 2002/0061793 and 2002/0055400.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to David Buttner whose telephone number is (571) 272-1084. The examiner can generally be reached on weekdays from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m..

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1084. The fax phone number for the organization where this application is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

D. Buttner/dh January 2, 2004 DAVID J. BUTTNER PRIMARY EXAMINER

David Bathe